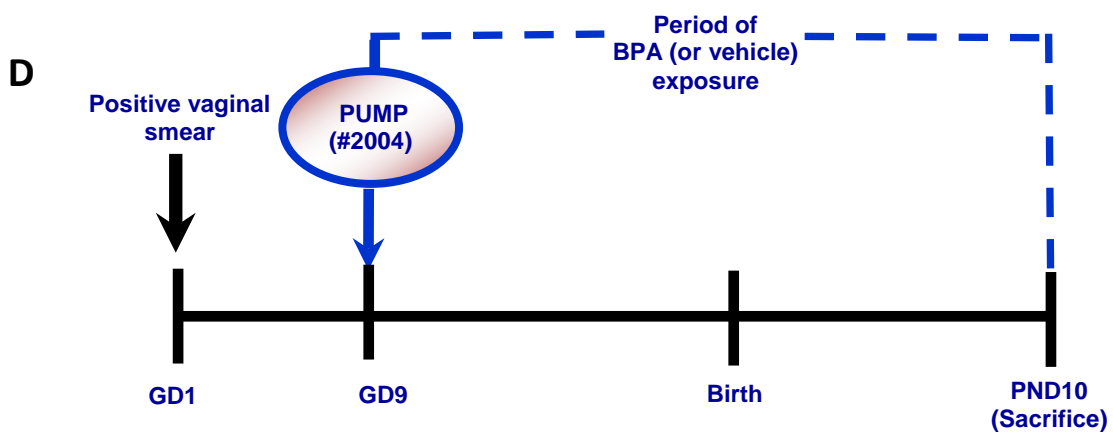
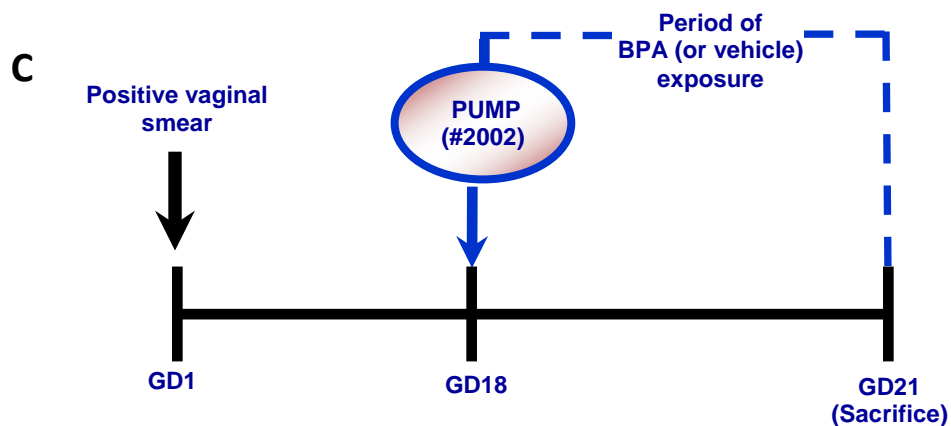
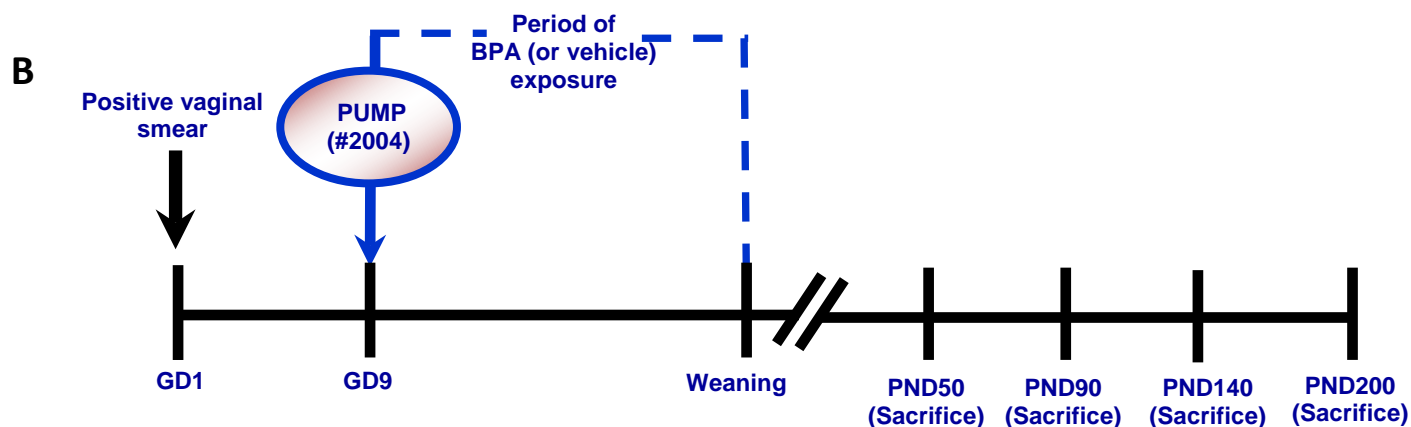
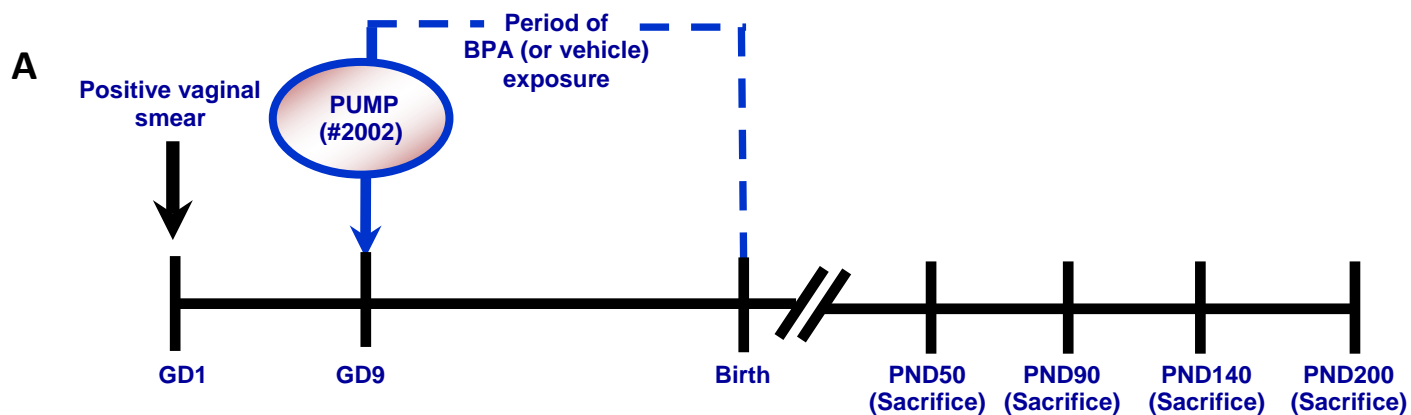


Supplemental Material

**Perinatally Administered Bisphenol A Acts as a Mammary Gland
Carcinogen in Rats**

Nicole Acevedo, Barbara Davis, Cheryl M. Schaeberle, Carlos Sonnenschein, and Ana M. Soto



Supplemental Material, Figure S1. (A) Experimental design for assessment of BPA exposure during gestation only. Dams (n=9-12) were implanted at GD9 with subcutaneous pumps designed to deliver continuously either vehicle or BPA (0.25, 2.5, 25, or 250 $\mu\text{g/kg/d}$). Mammary glands from female offspring were harvested at the time of sacrifice and assessed for development of lesions. (B) Experimental design for assessment of the effect of BPA exposure during gestation and lactation. Dams (n=9-12) were implanted at GD9 with subcutaneous pumps as previously described and mammary glands from female offspring were harvested at time of sacrifice and assessed for development of lesions. (C) Experimental design for measurement of serum BPA in dams and fetuses following exposure during gestation only. Dams (n=4-6) were implanted at G18 with subcutaneous pumps designed to deliver continuously either vehicle or 250 $\mu\text{g BPA/kg/d}$. Serum was collected from each dam and fetal sera from each litter (n=4-5) was pooled at time of sacrifice (GD21). (D) Experimental design for measurement of serum BPA in dams and pups following exposure during gestation and lactation. Dams (n=6) were implanted at GD9 with subcutaneous pumps designed to deliver continuously either vehicle or 250 $\mu\text{g BPA/kg/d}$. Serum was collected from each dam and pup sera from each litter (n=6) was pooled at time of sacrifice (PND10).